

istrutive system of the Lombards were far diffused beyond the borders of tin* three duchies, Apulia was under Hyzrtntine domination, but in all essentials it elosely resembled the neighbouring HtateH, Bcnevento, Ciipua, and Salerno were divided for administrative and judicial purposes into areas governed by counts ittid "gustoldH," ngentft of the* du«il power, Similarly in the nearer ports of Apulia, l*omlwrd gastalda lire called in by Greek officials to deride* eases. The charters and ae, ts of Ban, Bitonto, and other towns of the* Adriatic coast, *tmm* the early part of the tenth cntury, attest how lightly Byaantna institutions affected the population. The mimen are mainly LombArd» the practices rt*ferred to are those of Lombard law, *sefuttdtim ritus gmtis ww/w lungobQrd&ntm** the language in the vn«t itmjt»rity «»f enaett is Latin, while however tlw* ftct» are dated by the rdgn of the (t«H»k Bniptwr, *

Even oittong the purely Italian ixwpfa of Italy, the laws of Rot him and Liutprund contented the grmmnd very vigorously with the liwrtan or Roman-Byxttfiltne, ctxitw. In Rome itself, the very of the more refined legal system, the noblen and mitny of the elwgy ar« found in the

eleventh
century living by the old barbarian

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